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Large Eddy Simulations of Turbulence below Antarctic Ice Shelves Title:

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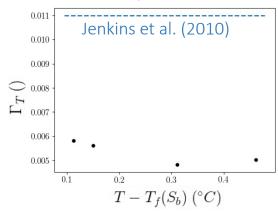
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We present large-eddy simulations (PALM) of stratified turbulence below a melting, sloped ice-shelf base Melting ice boundary Simulated boundary (E) -30 layer depths are 10s m Section through 3-d -2.40domain at 40h -2.41x(m)**Buoyant flow** Cross-slope flow (m)Upslope flow $u_i \, (ms^{-1})$ Slope <1°, thermal driving < 0.5°C

Simulation results support a linear relationship between (a) melt rate and thermal driving (1° slope) S 2.00 0.75 $T - T_f(S_b)$ (°C) (b) melt rate and slope (0.1°C thermal driving) melt rate (m your or one) melt rate (m you or Threshold-like behavior at low slopes 0.0000 0.0025 0.0050 0.0075 0.0100 0.0125 0.0150 0.0175 $sin(\alpha)$ (°

Low thermal exchange coefficients (Γ_T) suggest

- (a) revision of parameterization needed
- (b) PALM is too dissipative



Simulated melt rates are sensitive to the flow orientation relative to the slope

